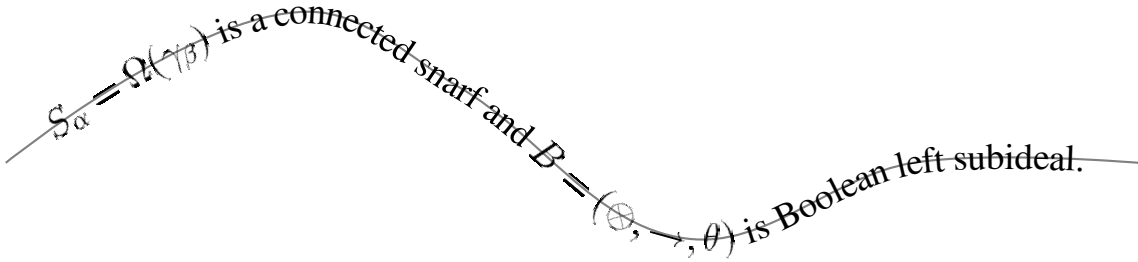
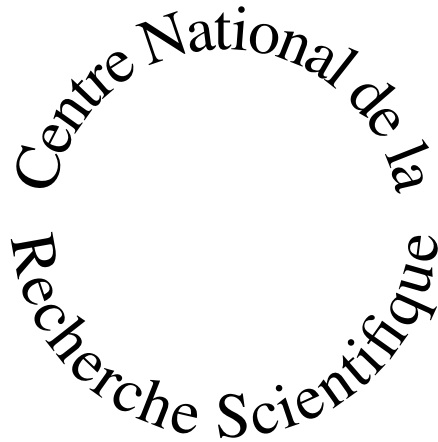


The first sample shows that math works. I let the line be drawn to make the sample clearer.

```
\large
\pstextpath[c]%
{\pscurve[linecolor=gray](0,1)(4,3)(6,2)(9,0)(12,1)(15,1)}%
{\$S_\alpha=\Omega(\gamma_\beta)$ is a connected snarf and
$B=(\otimes,\rightarrow,\theta)$ is Boolean left subideal.}
```



```
\psset{linestyle=none}
\pstextpath[c]{\psarcn(0,0){73pt}{180}{0}}%
{Centre National de la}
\pstextpath[c]{\psarc(0,0){73pt}{180}{0}}%
{Recherche Scientifique}
```



In principle, it is possible to use parbox, but let's see what really happens. It seems hard to believe that someone would want to do this.